

Roll No.....

Z-4-X

Total No. of Questions : 21]

[Total No. of Printed Pages : 7

11thARM(SZ)JKUT2024

1204-X

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80

Section-A

(Objective Type Questions)

1 each

1. (i) Who was the First Governor General of Free India ?

(A) J. L. Nehru

(B) C. Rajgopalachari

(C) Lord Mountbatten

(D) Dr. Ambedkar

(ii) Right of Freedom of Religion is mentioned in Articles :

(A) 14 to 18

(B) 25 to 28

(C) 19 to 20

(D) 23 to 24

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Turn Over

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(iii) Which of the following is not a feature of Indian Federation ?

- (A) Unwritten Constitution
- (B) Supremacy of the Constitution
- (C) Distribution of Powers
- (D) Dual Citizenship

(iv) In India, residuary powers are with the :

- (A) Union Territory
- (B) State
- (C) Centre
- (D) Governor

(v) Who said, "Politics is the struggle for power" ?

- (A) Max Weber
- (B) Lasswell
- (C) Karl Marx
- (D) Hans Morgenthau

(vi) Aristotle's famous book on political science is the :

- (A) 'Republic'
- (B) 'Prince'
- (C) 'Politics'
- (D) 'Laws'

(vii) Positive Liberty means :

- (A) Liberty to do anything ~~(B)~~ Liberty with restraints
(C) Only restraints (D) None of these

(viii) Which one of the following is the safeguard of liberty ?

- (A) Subordinate Judiciary (B) Centralise of Powers
~~(C)~~ No Fundamental Rights (D) Rule of Law

(ix) Who said, "Man is born free and is found everywhere in chains" ?

- (A) Aristotle (B) Rousseau
(C) Locke (D) Leacock

(x) Who wrote 'Hind Swaraj' ?

- ~~(A)~~ M. K. Gandhi (B) B. G. Tilak
(C) J. L. Nehru (D) None of these

Section-B

(Very Short Answer Type Questions)

2 each

2. Mention the importance of Constitution.
3. What is Writ of Habeas Corpus ?
4. What is a Bill of Rights ?
5. What is Federalism ?
6. What do you mean by a unitary form of Government ?
7. What do you know about Constituent Assembly ?
8. What do you mean by an Amendment of the Constitution ?
9. What do you mean by Political Theory ?
10. What is Social Freedom ?

Section-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

4 each

11. Write a note on the position of the Indian President.
12. Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) Adjournment Motion
 - (b) No-confidence Motion
13. What is the importance of Judiciary in India ?
14. Describe the functions of Gram Panchayat ? What is its composition ?
15. Explain the various types of Political Rights.
16. Mention *four* grounds for exclusion or loss of citizenship of a State.
17. Explain in brief the *four* elements of a State.

Section-D**(Passage Type)**

~~18.~~ Read the below statement carefully and answer the questions that follows :

Dr. Radhakrishnan wrote, "We hold that no one religion should be given preferential status, or unique distinction, that no one religion should be accorded special privileges in national life as that is the violation of the basic principles of democracy and contrary to the best interest of religion and govt. No person shall suffer any form of disability or discrimination because of his religion but all alike should be free to the fullest degree in common life. This is the basic principle involved in the separation of Church and State." <https://www.jkboseonline.com>

Questions to answer :

- (i) How does secularism separate religion from politics ?
- (ii) What is secularism as per Dr. Radhakrishnan ?
- (iii) How do you agree with the statement as written above ?

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<https://www.jkboseonline.com>

Section-E

(Long Answer Type Questions)

6 each

19. What do you mean by Proportional System of Representation ? What are its merits ? Explain.

Or

Describe the relationship between Elections and Democracy.

20. What is Equality ? Examine its meaning in various dimensions.

Or

Do you think that political and social liberty is meaningless in the absence of economic equality ?

21. What is Social Justice ? How far has it been implemented in India ?

Or

Discuss in detail the relation between Equality and Justice.