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Roll No.

Total No. of Questions : 4]

[Total No. of Printed Pages: 8

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CHEMISTRY

Time: 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 70

General Instructions:

- (i) There are total four Sections in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Section-A contains 10 Objective Type Questions (Multiple Choice Questions) of 1 mark each. $1 \times 10 = 10$ marks
- (iii) Section-B contains 9 Very Short Answer Type Questions of 2 marks each to be answered in 20-30 words.

 $2 \times 9 = 18 \text{ marks}$

- (iv) Section—C contains 9 Short Answer Type Questions of 3 marks each to be answered in 100–150 words. $3 \times 9 = 27$ marks
- (v) Section-D contains 3 Long Answer Type Questions of 5 marks each to be answered in 150-200 words. $5 \times 3 = 15$ marks
- (vi) Use log table if necessary. Use of scientific calculators is not allowed.

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SECTION-A

1 each

OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS (MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS)

- 1. Select the correct one:
 - (i) The molal elevation constant is the ratio of the elevation in B.P. to:
 - (A) Molarity
 - (B) Molality
 - (C) Mole fraction of sloute
 - (D) Mole fraction of solvent
 - (ii) Which of the following solutions will have highest boiling point at 1 atm pressure?
 - (A) 0.1 m FeCl₃
 - /B) 0.1 m BaCl₂
 - (C) 0.1 m NaCl
 - (D) 0.1 m Urea (NH₂CONH₂)

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- (iii) Nernst equations give effect of :
 - (A) Temperature on EMF
 - (B) Concentration on EMF
 - (C) Pressure of the gas (if any) on EMF
 - (D) All the three above
- (iv) The rate constant of a reaction is $2.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ sec}^{-1}$. The order of the reaction is:

(A) One

- (B) Zero
- (C) Two
- (D) Three
- (v) SN1 reactions occur through the intermediate formations of :

(A) Carbocation

- (B) Carbanions
- (C) Free radical
- (D) None of these

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(vi) On heating with Sodalime salicylic acid gives :

(A) Phenol

- (B) Benzoic acid
- (C) Sodium salicylate
- (D) Benzene

(vii) Reduction of nitroethane with LiAlH₄ gives:

- (A) Ethyl hydroxylamine
- (B) Ethanol

(C) Ethylamine

(D) Ethanamide

(viii) A complex in which dsp² hybridisation takes place is:

(A) Square planar

- (B) Tetrahedral
- (C) Triangular planar
- (D) Pyramidal

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- (ix) Adenosine is example of a :
 - (A) Nucleotide
 - (B) Nucleoside
 - (C) Purine base
 - (D) Pyridine base
- (x) Which of the following biomolecules contains a non-transition metal ion ?
 - (A) Haemoglobin
 - (B) Chlorophyll
 - (C) Insulin
 - (D) Vitamin B₁₂

SECTION-B

2 each

VERY SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

- 2. (i) Calculate the half-life of a first order reaction from their rate constants given below:
 - (a) 200 s^{-1}
 - (b) $2 \min^{-1}$

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- Why does a transition series consist of 10 elements?
- Why is an alkylamine more basic than ammonia?
 - (N) What is Lucas reagent?
 - What are essential and non-essential amino acids?
- Write the IUPAC names of :
 - (a) $Zn_2[Fe(CN)_6]$
 - (b) $[Pt(NH_3)_4Cl_2]^{2+}$
- (vii) Define rate of reaction and rate constant.
- viii) Why cannot molecularity of any reaction be equal to zero?
 - Give a brief account of Wurtz reaction.

SECTION-C

3∮each

SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

What do you mean by a Nucleophilic addition reaction? Give its mechanism.

of dissociation of a weak electrolyte?

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- Explain, why transition metal ions usually show paramagnetic behaviour?
- (b) Oxalic acid (c) KNO₂?
- Of [Co(NH₃)₄Cl₂]⁺ ion. https://www.jkboseonline.com
- How will you convert ethyl bromide to:
 - (a) Ethoxyethane
 - (b) Ethane
 - (c) Ethanol
- How will you distinguish between primary, secondary and tertiary alcohols by Victor Meyer's test? Give chemical reactions.
- What is Diazotisation? Discuss its mechanism.
- What are Carbohydrates? How are they classified?

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B-9-X

SECTION-D

5 each

LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

(i) State and explain Raoult's law for (a) Volatile solute (b) non-volalite solute.

Or

What do you understand by Colligative properties of a solution?

Explain briefly osmosis and osmotic pressure.

(ii) What is an electrochemical cell? Describe working of Daniell cell.

Or

What is Corrosion? Give mechanism (electrochemical phenomenon) of rusting of iron. What do you understand by cathodic and barrier protection of corrosion?

(iii) Describe any five general methods of preparations of carboxylic acids.

Or

Giving chemical equations write a brief account of the following:

- (a) Aldol condensation
- (b) Cannizzaro reaction
- (c) Rosenmund reduction

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